

Supplementary Methods

Dataset Curation

We derived and imputed variables with missing data for each of the datasets using packages and functions available in tidyverse in R version 1.3.0.(Wickham et al., 2019) The following variables were derived following IWPC (Supplementary Appendix therein): height, weight, race, enzyme inducer use, amiodarone use, and genotypes at *CYP2C9* and *VKORC1-1639 A>G* (**Table S1**). (International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium et al., 2009) Missing values of amiodarone use were imputed as no amiodarone use. Enzyme-inducer use was derived by adding exposures from phenytoin, carbamazepine, rifampin and rifampicin in which patient drug use was dichotomized as taking the drug or not. We derived the final *CYP2C9* genotype by compounding *1/*11 with *1/*2 as well as *1/*5 and *1/*6 with *1/*3, as these variants are rarer and have similar metabolizing effects on warfarin.(Asiimwe et al., 2020)

VKORC1 was imputed based on race and genotype at rs23599612, rs9934438 and rs8050894, as described in the IWPC supplementary materials.(International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium et al., 2009) Where both race and self-reported race were missing, a new category “Mixed or Missing” was formed. As in the original IWPC manuscript, height and weight were imputed by the mean at the same gender and race combination. Additional variables included in the IWPC dataset were analyzed even though they were not part of the final model from the IWPC publication. Aspirin use, statin use, smoking status, and history of diabetes were considered no drug use/no history of if missing (**Table S1**). Statins included: simvastatin, rosuvastatin, atorvastatin, fluvastatin, lovastatin, pravastatin, cerivastatin. Hispanic and Latino or non-Hispanic or Latino ethnicities were imputed using self-reported ethnicity. Indications for warfarin were condensed into Atrial Fibrillation, Deep Vein Thrombosis or Pulmonary Embolism, Stroke, Heart valve replacement or other.

Model Descriptions

Multiple linear regressions are the standardized models used in warfarin dose prediction. In linear regression, relationships are modeled in a linear fashion, with parameters estimated by minimizing the errors between observed and predicted values. In addition to the linear assumption, linear regression

models assume constant variance across all values of the independent variables, independence observations, and homoscedasticity of the residuals. The three additional nonlinear regression models that were fit in this study were selected based on their superior performance in previous papers.(Liu et al., 2015; Roche-Lima et al., 2020) The Support Vector Regression (SVR) does not depend on gaussian assumptions as linear regression does but is otherwise similar in function. SVR attempts to minimize model coefficients while using prediction errors as constraints to the examined lines.(Awad and Khanna, 2015) Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines (MARS) are a flexible alternative to linear regression that builds multiple, smaller linear regression model chunks across a range of predictor values.(Friedman, 1991) No assumptions are made about the distributions of the variables in a MARS model. Bayesian Additive Regression Trees (BART) is a Bayesian regression approach that is able to fit interactions and nonlinearities by adding together information from many regression trees.(Chipman et al., 2010)

Supplementary Results

Basic Characteristics of the Merged Cohort

A total of 7,030 patients were included in the Merged cohort (**Table S2**). The cohort had a mean ($\pm SD$) age of 59.5 ± 14.4 years. The median (IQR) weekly warfarin dose was 28.00 mg/week (CI: 20.00-38.50) mg/week. A majority of the population (75%) had no variation in *CYP2C9*1* and *CYP2C9*2* and 9.0% carried two copies of variant alleles. The frequencies of VKORC1 genotypes, A/A, A/G, and G/G, were 26.7%, 38.3%, and 33.4%, respectively. Our Merged dataset included 25% participants of Latin American ethnicity. Overall, there were differences between the IWPC and ULLA cohorts.

Sensitivity Analyses

We found our results were consistent when our sensitivity datasets were used to train models for warfarin dose prediction. In the Merged cohort featuring Multivariate Imputation by Chained Equations, patterns of model performance remain the same with extended variable models again outperforming IWPC by <1% (**Table S7**). MAEs were similar for all nine models and ranged from 7.81 - 8.28 mg/week (**Table S7**). Each of the IWPC variable models (i.e. IWPC, IWPCV, IWPC_SVR, IWPC_MARS, IWPC_BART) was used to predict dose in the complete-case dataset. The remaining models were not

tested as the missing data were over 50% when including the additional variables. In the complete-case cohort ($n = 3,420$), where all observations with incomplete data were removed, the accuracy of the IWPC model fell to 45%, from 46% in the Merged cohort (**Table S8**). However, prediction within 20% of actual for the rest of the models remained the same ~47% between the cohorts. Thus, our data indicate that IWPC model performance is improved through imputation, whereas the other models appear to be unaffected.

Table S1. Dataset Curation and treatment of missing data in the primary analyses.

Variable	Curation ^a	Missing Data ^b
Gender	0 = Male, 1 = Female	-
Race (Reported)		race = "Mixed or Missing"
Race (OMB)	factored as White, Black or African American, Asian, Mixed or Missing	race = Race (Reported)
Ethnicity (Reported)	factored as not Hispanic or Latino, Hispanic or Latino, Unknown	IWPC ethnicity = "Unknown", ULLA ethnicity = "Hispanic/Latino"
Ethnicity (OMB)	factored as not Hispanic or Latino, Hispanic or Latino, Unknown	ethnicity = Ethnicity (Reported)
Age at Consent, years	converted to decades	removed
Height, cm	-	mean height at the same race and gender
Weight, kg	-	mean weight at the same race and gender
Primary Indication for Warfarin Treatment	Factored as DVT/PE, AFIB, Valve, TIA, Other where Valve replacement > AFIB > TIA > DVT > Other in patients with multiple indications	Factored as "Other"
Diabetes	0 = no history, 1 = history of diabetes	diabetes = 0
Aspirin	0 = no use, 2 = use of aspirin	aspirin = 0
Statin	simvastatin, rosuvastatin, atorvastatin, fluvastatin, lovastatin, pravastatin, cerivastatin = use of statin	statin = 0
Amiodarone (Cordarone)	0 = no use, 2 = use of amiodarone	amiodarone = 0
Carbamazepine (Tegretol)	cabamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin, rifampicin = use of enzyme inducer (ei)	ei = 0
Phenytoin (Dilantin)	cabamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin, rifampicin = use of enzyme inducer (ei)	ei = 0
Rifampin or Rifampicin	cabamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin, rifampicin = use of enzyme inducer (ei)	ei = 0
Stable	0 = did not reach stable dose, 1 = reached stable dose	removed
Warfarin Dose (mg/week)	-	removed
Current Smoker	0 = no, 1 = yes	smoke = 0
CYP2C9 diplotypes	factored as *1/*1, *1/*2, *1/*3, *2/*3, *3/*3 where *1/*11 was *1/*2 and *1/*5 and *1/*6 was *1/*3,	Factored as "Missing"
VKORC1 genotype -1639 G>A; rs9923231	factored as AA, AG, GG	rs2359612, rs9934438, rs8050894 used as proxies; factored as "Missing"

OMB indicates Office of Management and Budget, cm, centimeters, kg, kilograms, DVT, Deep Vein Thrombosis; PE, Pulmonary Embolism, AFIB, Atrial Fibrillation, Valve, Valvular Replacement; ei, enzyme inducer; TIA, transient ischemic attack; ULLA, IWPC.

^a Curation indicates cleaning data to normalize across datasets. Bolded rows indicate variables imputed or derived following Klein *et al.* (supplemental methods therein)

^b Missing Data indicates the data curation performed when data was missing at that variable

Table S2. Subject Characteristics in the Merged Cohort (n=7,030)^a

Characteristic	Result
Age, years (mean (SD))	59.5 (14.4)
Height, cm (median [IQR])	166.88 (160.00-175.01)
Weight, kg (median [IQR])	75.00 (63.23-88.60)
Weekly Warfarin Dose, mg (median [IQR])	28.00 (20.00-38.50)
CYP2C9 Diplotype (n, [%])^b	
*1/*1	5273 (75.0)
*1/*2	895 (12.7)
*2/*2	556 (7.9)
*1/*3	75 (1.1)
*2/*3	73 (1.0)
*3/*3	17 (0.2)
Missing	141 (2.0)
VKORC1 1639 A>G Genotype (n, [%])^c	
GG	2348 (33.4)
AG	2695 (38.3)
AA	1879 (26.7)
Missing	108 (1.5)
Race (%)	
White	4136 (58.8)
Asian	1520 (21.6)
Black or African American	770 (11.0)
Mixed or Missing^d	604 (8.6)
Ethnicity (%)	
Not Hispanic or Latino	4245 (60.4)
Hispanic or Latino	1776 (25.3)
Unknown	1009 (14.4)

SD indicates Standard Deviation, IQR, Interquartile Range

^a Merged indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium data with six cohorts of U.S. Latinos and Latin Americans^bCYP2C9 alleles *5, *6, *13, *14 collapsed into *1/*3 and *11 to *1/*2^cVKORC1 1639 A>G (rs9923231), rs2359612, rs9934438, rs8050894 were used as proxies where rs9923231 was missing^d Native American race was collapsed into “Mixed or Missing”

Table S3. Model comparisons between testing and training data in the IWPC cohort (n = 5,049).

Model	Training (n = 3,534)		Testing (n= 1,515)	
	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	46.00	8.38 (8.07-8.69)	45.84	8.36 (7.89-8.85)
IWPCV ^b	46.12	8.37 (8.06-8.67)	45.87	8.41 (7.91-8.87)
IWPC SVR ^b	47.56	8.19 (7.88-8.50)	45.81	8.43 (7.93-8.90)
IWPC MARS ^b	45.89	8.39 (8.08-8.69)	45.58	8.44 (7.95-8.91)
IWPC BART ^b	46.86	8.12 (7.84-8.40)	45.45	8.45 (7.95-8.93)
NLM ^c	47.59	8.2 (7.91-8.51)	47.43	8.25 (7.77-8.74)
SVR ^c	49.46	7.97 (7.66-8.27)	47.33	8.29 (7.8-8.785)
MARS ^c	47.00	8.28 (7.97-8.59)	46.70	8.33 (7.85-8.81)
BART ^c	48.47	7.93 (7.65-8.22)	46.90	8.31 (7.84-8.79)

IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium cohort/model; MAE, mean absolute error; CI, confidence interval; IWPCV, IWPC variables; IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines; IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression; IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees; NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling testing data.

^b Models feature the variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^c Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

Table S4. Model comparisons between testing and training data in the ULLA cohort (n = 1,734).

Model	Training (n = 1,214)		Testing (n = 520)	
	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	48.02	8.18 (7.70-8.64)	47.88	8.12 (7.44-8.82)
IWPCV ^b	47.78	8.09 (7.63-8.55)	47.02	8.20 (7.52-8.90)
IWPC SVR ^b	50.16	7.85 (7.38-8.32)	46.54	8.25 (7.55-8.94)
IWPC MARS ^b	48.27	8.01 (7.55-8.47)	47.50	8.17 (7.49-8.88)
IWPC BART ^b	49.59	7.69 (7.26-8.12)	47.31	8.15 (7.46-8.84)
NLM ^c	48.48	7.94 (7.48-8.39)	47.79	8.11 (7.45-8.79)
SVR ^c	51.98	7.66 (7.20-8.13)	47.41	8.22 (7.52-8.93)
MARS ^c	48.39	8.02 (7.55-8.49)	47.31	8.20 (7.52-8.88)
BART ^c	50.25	7.53 (7.11-7.96)	46.92	8.16 (7.47-8.87)

ULLA, U.S. Latino and Latin American Warfarin User Cohort; MAE, mean absolute error; CI, confidence interval; IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium model; IWPCV, IWPC variables; IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines; IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression; IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees; NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling testing data.

^b Models feature the variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^c Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

Table S5. Model comparisons among testing and training data in the Merged cohort (n = 7,030).

Model	Training (n = 4,639)		Testing (n = 1,988)	
	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	46.70	8.26 (8.03-8.49)	46.66	8.24 (7.89-8.58)
IWPCV ^b	46.71	8.23 (8.00-8.47)	46.61	8.24 (7.90-8.59)
IWPC SVR ^b	48.18	8.05 (7.81-8.28)	46.80	8.21 (7.86-8.56)
IWPC MARS ^b	46.64	8.24 (8.00-8.47)	46.56	8.27 (7.92-8.61)
IWPC BART ^b	47.41	8.05 (7.83-8.28)	46.28	8.25 (7.90-8.60)
NLM ^c	48.04	8.10 (7.87-8.33)	47.78	8.13 (7.78-8.47)
SVR ^c	49.75	7.85 (7.62-8.08)	47.61	8.11 (7.77-8.46)
MARS ^c	47.59	8.15 (7.92-8.37)	47.18	8.18 (7.84-8.53)
BART ^c	48.69	7.91 (7.69-8.12)	47.46	8.14 (7.79-8.48)

MAE, mean absolute error; CI, confidence interval; IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium model; IWPCV, IWPC variables; IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines; IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression; IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees; NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling testing data.

^b Models feature the variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^c Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

Table S6. Pairwise Bonferroni Adjusted *P*-values of Median Percentage Predicted Within 20% of Actual Dose in Each Cohort ^a

Model 1	Model 2	IWPC^b	ULLA^b	Merged^b
IWPC	IWPVCV	1	4.28x10 ⁻⁶	0.329
IWPC	IWPC_SVR	1	9.79x10 ⁻¹²	1
IWPC	IWPC_MARS	4.21x10 ⁻⁴	0.012	1
IWPC	IWPC_BART	0.055	6.05x10 ⁻⁵	1.44x10 ⁻⁵
IWPC	NLM	1.46x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.551	1.43x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPC	SVR	2.96x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.011	7.49x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC	MARS	4.14x10 ⁻¹²	7.27x10 ⁻⁴	2.16x10 ⁻¹⁰
IWPC	BART	4.68x10 ⁻¹⁵	1.36x10 ⁻⁷	2.05x10 ⁻¹³
IWPVCV	IWPC_SVR	1	8.35x10 ⁻⁴	0.003
IWPVCV	IWPC_MARS	0.001	1	1
IWPVCV	IWPC_BART	0.125	1	8.82x10 ⁻⁴
IWPVCV	NLM	2.42x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.154	1.95x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPVCV	SVR	1.31x10 ⁻¹⁵	1	1.56x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPVCV	MARS	6.62x10 ⁻¹¹	1	1.5x10 ⁻¹³
IWPVCV	BART	1.82x10 ⁻¹⁴	0.958	1.76x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPC_SVR	IWPC_MARS	6.62X10 ⁻⁴	9.22x10 ⁻⁵	0.055
IWPC_SVR	IWPC_BART	0.008	0.022	2.87X10 ⁻⁹
IWPC_SVR	NLM	6.16x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.32x10 ⁻⁷	1.72x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC_SVR	SVR	1.27x10 ⁻¹⁵	1.91x10 ⁻⁵	1.82x10 ⁻¹³
IWPC_SVR	MARS	1.61x10 ⁻⁹	0.005	2.79x10 ⁻⁷
IWPC_SVR	BART	3.67x10 ⁻¹³	1	2.56x10 ⁻¹¹
IWPC_MARS	IWPC_BART	1	1	0.003
IWPC_MARS	NLM	2.08x10 ⁻¹⁶	1	6.26x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC_MARS	SVR	1.53x10 ⁻¹⁶	1	1.01x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC_MARS	MARS	2.71x10 ⁻¹⁴	1	2.47x10 ⁻¹³
IWPC_MARS	BART	1.41x10 ⁻¹⁵	0.094	6.95x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPC_BART	NLM	1.73x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.071	2.52x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC_BART	SVR	7.52x10 ⁻¹⁶	1	1.13x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPC_BART	MARS	6.34x10 ⁻¹³	1	2.46x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC_BART	BART	2.71x10 ⁻¹⁵	1	1.13x10 ⁻¹⁵
NLM	SVR	0.029	1	0.057

Model 1	Model 2	IWPC^b	ULLA^b	Merged^b
NLM	MARS	1.07x10 ⁻¹³	0.605	3.6x10 ⁻¹²
NLM	BART	1.05X10 ⁻⁷	4.97X10 ⁻⁶	6.01X10 ⁻⁴
SVR	MARS	4.21X10 ⁻⁸	1	6.19X10 ⁻⁵
SVR	BART	0.006	0.031	1
MARS	BART	0.048	0.264	0.016

IWPC indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium cohort, ULLA, U.S. Latino and Latin American cohort, Merged, ULLA plus IWPC, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees

^a P-values provided by pairwise Wilcoxon Signed-Rank tests

^b Bonferroni adjustment used to correct for multiple comparisons

Table S7. Median Percentage Predicted within 20% of Actual and Mean Absolute Error (MAE) in testing data of sensitivity analysis in the Merged cohort (n = 7,030) Multivariate Imputation by Chained Equations ^a for missing data at binary variables.

Model	Within 20% ^b	MAE (95% CI) ^b
IWPC ^c	46.65	8.26 (7.995-8.53)
IWPCV ^c	46.72	8.24 (7.975-8.51)
IWPC SVR ^c	47.72	8.1 (7.84-8.37)
IWPC MARS ^c	46.68	8.25 (7.99-8.52)
IWPC BART ^c	47.07	8.11 (7.85-8.37)
NLM ^d	48.13	8.11 (7.84-8.37)
SVR ^d	49.03	7.91 (7.64-8.17)
MARS ^d	47.61	8.16 (7.885-8.42)
BART ^d	48.36	7.93 (7.67-8.19)

CI indicates Confidence Interval, IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees, NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Imputation implemented with the mice package (version 3.13.0) in R using default parameters

^b Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling testing data.

^c Models feature the clinical variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^d Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

Table S8. Median Percentage Predicted within 20% of Actual and Mean Absolute Error (MAE) in sensitivity analysis of complete-case cohort (n = 3,420).

Model	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	45.13	9.15 (8.58-9.71)
IWPCV ^b	47.47	8.70 (8.17-9.22)
IWPC SVR ^b	47.61	8.65 (8.12-9.18)
IWPC MARS ^b	46.93	8.71 (8.20-9.24)
IWPC BART ^b	47.27	8.69 (8.18-9.21)

CI indicates Confidence Interval, IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling testing data.

^b Models feature the clinical variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

Table S9. Model comparisons by actual-dose groups in the ULLA cohort (n = 1,734).

Model	High (n = 189)		Intermediate (n = 1,128)		Low (n = 417)	
	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	24.44	19.69 (15.76-23.63)	59.26	6.44 (5.89-6.98)	27.91	7.59 (6.58-8.59)
IWPCV ^b	22.63	20.01 (16.02-24.01)	60.66	6.19 (5.66-6.71)	21.94	8.32 (7.3-9.35)
IWPC SVR ^b	21.76	20.48 (16.41-24.55)	60.29	6.17 (5.64-6.69)	20.87	8.32 (7.36-9.28)
IWPC MARS ^b	24.81	19.87 (15.82-23.91)	60.62	6.19 (5.66-6.72)	21.84	8.32 (7.3-9.34)
IWPC BART ^b	27.27	19.4 (15.27-23.53)	60.02	6.23 (5.69-6.76)	21.07	8.35 (7.36-9.34)
NLM ^c	25.66	19.52 (15.5-23.54)	60.18	6.18 (5.65-6.71)	23.42	8.22 (7.18-9.26)
SVR ^c	21.62	20.54 (16.51-24.57)	61.3	6.13 (5.62-6.65)	21.21	8.3 (7.33-9.26)
MARS ^c	24.28	19.95 (15.9-24.01)	60.52	6.17 (5.65-6.7)	21.77	8.33 (7.3-9.36)
BART ^c	26.69	19.38 (15.27-23.48)	59.4	6.24 (5.71-6.77)	21.85	8.35 (7.32-9.37)

ULLA indicates U.S. Latino and Latin American warfarin users cohort; CI, Confidence Interval; IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium model; IWPCV, IWPC variables; IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines; IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression; IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees; NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling 30% testing data.

^b Models feature the variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^c Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

^d Model features the clinical variables only from b

Table S10. Pairwise Bonferroni Adjusted *P*-values of Median Percentage Predicted Within 20% of Actual Dose in the ULLA Cohort by actual-dose groups ^a

Model 1	Model 2	High^b	Intermediate^b	Low^b
IWPC	IWPCV	1.23x10 ⁻⁶	7.92x10 ⁻¹¹	1.42x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	IWPC_SVR	9.36x10 ⁻⁸	1.05x10 ⁻⁵	1.93x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	IWPC_MAR S	1	9.4x10 ⁻⁹	2.52x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	IWPC_BART	3.11x10 ⁻⁸	0.007	1.56x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	NLM	0.45	8.24x10 ⁻⁰⁴	1.23x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPC	SVR	6.08x10 ⁻⁵	4.61x10 ⁻¹¹	3.78x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	MARS	1	8.5x10 ⁻⁰⁷	3.04x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC	BART	4.21x10 ⁻⁴	1	4.39x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPCV	IWPC_SVR	0.221	1	0.038
IWPCV	IWPC_MAR S	1.18x10 ⁻⁶	1	1
IWPCV	IWPC_BART	7.96x10 ⁻¹⁴	0.009	0.111
IWPCV	NLM	1.31x10 ⁻⁷	0.159	8.14x10 ⁻⁶
IWPCV	SVR	1	0.105	1
IWPCV	MARS	9.86x10 ⁻⁴	1	1
IWPCV	BART	2.59x10 ⁻¹¹	3.03x10 ⁻⁶	1
IWPC_SVR	IWPC_MAR S	4.82x10 ⁻⁹	1	0.01
IWPC_SVR	IWPC_BART	2.34x10 ⁻¹⁴	1	1
IWPC_SVR	NLM	1.45x10 ⁻⁹	1	5.04x10 ⁻¹⁰
IWPC_SVR	SVR	1	7.6x10 ⁻⁶	1
IWPC_SVR	MARS	1.85x10 ⁻⁶	1	0.213
IWPC_SVR	BART	1.74x10 ⁻¹²	0.002	0.076
IWPC_MAR	IWPC_BART S	9.11x10 ⁻⁶	0.17	0.12
IWPC_MAR	NLM S	1	0.702	4.32x10 ⁻⁷
IWPC_MAR	SVR S	2.44x10 ⁻⁷	0.181	1
IWPC_MAR	MARS S	1	1	1
IWPC_MAR	BART S	0.006	5.15x10 ⁻⁶	1

IWPC_BART NLM	0.143	1	5.62x10 ⁻¹⁰	
IWPC_BART SVR	4.39x10 ⁻¹³	1.83x10 ⁻⁶	1	
IWPC_BART MARS	1.03x10 ⁻⁶	0.803	0.67	
IWPC_BART BART	1	0.163	0.107	
NLM	SVR	6.23x10 ⁻¹¹	2.07x10 ⁻⁷	4.82x10 ⁻¹⁰
Model 1	Model 2	High ^b	Intermediate ^b	Low ^b
NLM	MARS	0.216	0.907	2.35x10 ⁻⁷
NLM	BART	0.464	0.003	1.94x10 ⁻⁷
SVR	MARS	2.95x10 ⁻⁵	0.006	1
SVR	BART	4.97x10 ⁻¹³	2.62x10 ⁻¹¹	0.666
MARS	BART	1.01x10 ⁻⁴	1.03x10 ⁻⁵	1

IWPC indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium cohort, ULLA, U.S. Latino and Latin American cohort, Merged, ULLA plus IWPC, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees

^a P-values provided by pairwise Wilcoxon Signed-Rank tests

^b Bonferroni adjustment used to correct for multiple comparisons

Table S10. Pairwise Bonferroni Adjusted P-values of Median Percentage Predicted Within 20% of Actual in the ULLA cohort by race^a

Model 1	Model 2	White ^b	Black ^b	Mixed/Missing ^b
IWPC	IWPVCV	2.98x10 ⁻¹¹	1	1
IWPC	IWPC SVR	1.3x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.086	1
IWPC	IWPC MARS	0.005	1	1
IWPC	IWPC BART	0.015	1.2x10 ⁻⁴	1
IWPC	NLM	8.78x10 ⁻⁷	1	3.64x10 ⁻⁴
IWPC	SVR	2.06x10 ⁻⁷	1	1
IWPC	MARS	3.19x10 ⁻⁵	1	1
IWPC	BART	4.08x10 ⁻⁸	0.008	1
IWPC	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁴	2.48x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPVCV	IWPC SVR	1	0.002	0.089
IWPVCV	IWPC MARS	0.002	1	1
IWPVCV	IWPC BART	0.01	2.53x10 ⁻⁶	1
IWPVCV	NLM	1	1	0.002
IWPVCV	SVR	1	1	1
IWPVCV	MARS	0.405	1	0.41
IWPVCV	BART	1	0.01	1
IWPVCV	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.96x10 ⁻¹⁴	3.81x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC SVR	IWPC MARS	0.001	1	1
IWPC SVR	IWPC BART	0.001	1	1
IWPC SVR	NLM	1	2.7x10 ⁻⁴	5.58x10 ⁻⁶
IWPC SVR	SVR	1	1.14x10 ⁻⁴	0.002
IWPC SVR	MARS	0.014	0.508	1
IWPC SVR	BART	1	1	0.164
IWPC SVR	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.07x10 ⁻¹¹	5.94x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC MARS	IWPC BART	1	0.002	1
IWPC MARS	NLM	1	0.513	1.08x10 ⁻⁴
IWPC MARS	SVR	0.203	1	0.148
IWPC MARS	MARS	1	1	1
IWPC MARS	BART	0.099	0.558	1
IWPC MARS	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.49x10 ⁻¹³	5.94x10 ⁻¹⁶
IWPC BART	NLM	1	1.28x10 ⁻⁶	2.3x10 ⁻⁴
IWPC BART	SVR	0.322	1.23x10 ⁻⁵	0.221

Model 1	Model 2	white ^b	Black ^b	Mixed/Missing ^b
IWPC BART	MARS	1	0.002	1
IWPC BART	BART	0.089	1	1
IWPC BART	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.41x10 ⁻¹¹	2.72x10 ⁻¹⁵
NLM	SVR	1	1	0.427
NLM	MARS	1	0.617	3.09x10 ⁻⁵
NLM	BART	1	1.65x10 ⁻⁶	0.002
NLM	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	7.47x10 ⁻¹⁵	2.6x10 ⁻¹⁶
SVR	MARS	1	0.27	0.055
SVR	BART	1	1.73x10 ⁻⁴	1
SVR	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	9.54x10 ⁻¹⁴	2.77x10 ⁻¹⁶
MARS	BART	0.76	0.403	1
MARS	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.85x10 ⁻¹³	4.36x10 ⁻¹⁶
BART	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.27x10 ⁻¹¹	1.84x10 ⁻¹⁶

IWPC indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium cohort, ULLA, U.S. Latino and Latin American cohort, Merged, ULLA plus IWPC, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees

^a P-values provided by pairwise Wilcoxon Signed-Rank tests

^b Bonferroni adjustment used to correct for multiple comparisons

Table S11. Model comparisons by country of enrollment data in the ULLA cohort (n = 1,734).

	Brazil (n =1,190)		Colombia (n =149)		Puerto Rico (n =258)		United States (n = 137)	
Model	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a	Within 20% ^a	MAE (95% CI) ^a
IWPC ^b	47.13	8.18 (7.36-8.99)	51.59	7.25 (5.5-9.01)	48.97	8.15 (6.68-9.63)	49.73	8.87 (5.03-12.71)
IWPCV ^b	46.30	8.21 (7.39-9.03)	53.05	7.05 (5.33-8.77)	48.16	8.26 (6.78-9.74)	47.66	9.26 (5.28-13.24)
IWPC SVR ^b	45.76	8.23 (7.41-9.04)	52.19	7.17 (5.44-8.9)	46.94	8.33 (6.81-9.85)	48.02	9.37 (5.28-13.45)
IWPC MARS ^b	46.56	8.17 (7.36-8.99)	52.67	7 (5.22-8.78)	48.06	8.29 (6.8-9.78)	47.92	9.4 (5.39-13.41)
IWPC BART ^b	46.50	8.13 (7.33-8.94)	52.51	7.17 (5.34-8.99)	47.13	8.27 (6.76-9.78)	47.17	9.36 (5.29-13.44)
NLM ^c	46.18	8.15 (7.35-8.95)	54.16	6.95 (5.22-8.69)	49.15	8.04 (6.5-9.58)	50.53	9.21 (5.19-13.23)
SVR ^c	46.34	8.22 (7.41-9.03)	53.91	7.04 (5.31-8.77)	46.96	8.27 (6.74-9.81)	50.07	9.33 (5.28-13.38)
MARS ^c	46.48	8.18 (7.36-8.99)	51.99	7.06 (5.28-8.84)	47.93	8.24 (6.74-9.75)	48.01	9.41 (5.38-13.43)
BART ^c	45.72	8.17 (7.37-8.97)	53.61	7.11 (5.28-8.94)	46.86	8.17 (6.63-9.72)	49.31	9.39 (5.28-13.5)
CLINICAL ^d	36.91	9.95 (9.02-10.89)	37.98	9.08 (7.03-11.13)	40.81	9.56 (7.93-11.18)	38.55	10.88 (6.83-14.93)

ULLA indicates U.S. Latino and Latin American warfarin users cohort; CI, Confidence Interval; IWPC, International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium model; IWPCV, IWPC variables; IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines; IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression; IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees; NLM, Novel Linear Model

^a Estimates of mean absolute error (MAE) and the percentage of individuals predicted within 20% of their actual dose for each model were based on 100 replicates of resampling 30% testing data.

^b Models feature the variables age, height, weight, race, amiodarone use, and enzyme inducer use and genetic variables *CYP2C9* diplotype, *VKORC1* genotype

^c Models feature the same variables as b in addition to warfarin indication, ethnicity, statin use, aspirin use, history of diabetes

^d Model features the clinical variables only from b

Table S12. Pairwise Bonferroni Adjusted *P*-values of Median Percentage Predicted Within 20% of Actual in the ULLA cohort by country of enrollment^a

Model 1	Model 2	Brazil ^b	Colombia ^b	Puerto Rico ^b	United States ^b
IWPC	IWPVCV	3.92x10 ⁻⁶	0.004	0.585	6.26x10 ⁻⁵
IWPC	IWPC SVR	2.25x10 ⁻⁹	1	8.6x10 ⁻⁶	0.034
IWPC	IWPC MARS	0.051	0.262	0.373	0.002
IWPC	IWPC BART	0.054	1	9.54x10 ⁻⁵	9.5x10 ⁻⁵
IWPC	NLM	7.42x10 ⁻⁵	1.67x10 ⁻⁵	1	1
IWPC	SVR	0.014	9.54x10 ⁻⁴	1.12x10 ⁻⁴	1
IWPC	MARS	0.035	1	0.513	0.01
IWPC	BART	9.27x10 ⁻⁸	0.003	5.13x10 ⁻⁵	1
IWPC	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	3.66x10 ⁻¹⁶	3.52x10 ⁻¹⁵	2.01x10 ⁻¹⁵
IWPVCV	IWPC SVR	0.103	1	0.068	1
IWPVCV	IWPC MARS	1	1	1	1
IWPVCV	IWPC BART	1	1	0.199	1
IWPVCV	NLM	1	0.922	0.796	5.31x10 ⁻⁵
IWPVCV	SVR	1	1	0.118	0.011
IWPVCV	MARS	1	0.234	1	1
IWPVCV	BART	0.09	1	0.076	0.581
IWPVCV	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	4.43x10 ⁻¹⁶	3.24x10 ⁻¹⁴	4.18x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC SVR	IWPC MARS	3.63x10 ⁻⁴	1	0.083	1
IWPC SVR	IWPC BART	0.003	1	1	1
IWPC SVR	NLM	1	0.029	3.97x10 ⁻⁵	8.42x10 ⁻⁰⁴
IWPC SVR	SVR	0.077	0.045	1	0.069
IWPC SVR	MARS	0.005	1	0.228	1
IWPC SVR	BART	1	0.3	1	1
IWPC SVR	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.08x10 ⁻¹⁵	9.18x10 ⁻¹³	3.23x10 ⁻¹³
IWPC MARS	IWPC BART	1	1	0.286	1
IWPC MARS	NLM	1	0.144	0.374	9.76x10 ⁻⁴
IWPC MARS	SVR	1	0.886	0.377	0.048
IWPC MARS	MARS	1	1	1	1
IWPC MARS	BART	0.001	1	0.219	1
IWPC MARS	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	6.03x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.16x10 ⁻¹⁴	7.52x10 ⁻¹⁴
IWPC BART	NLM	1	0.095	7.92x10 ⁻⁴	2.82x10 ⁻⁶

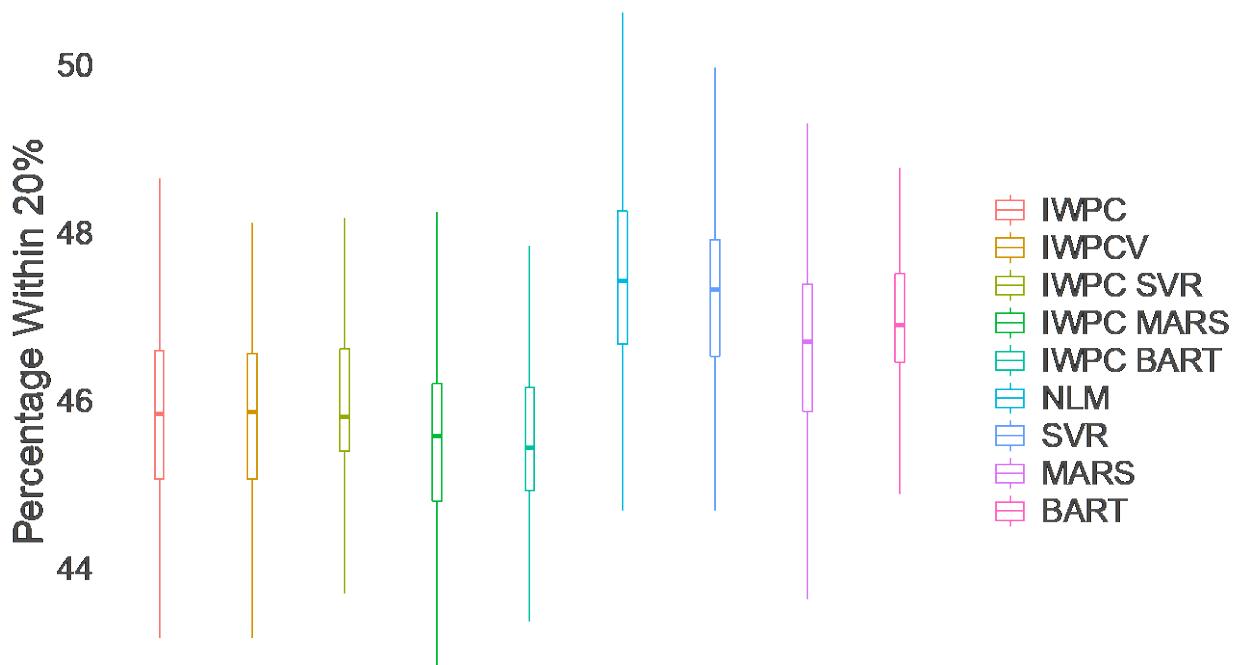
Model 1	Model 2	Brazil ^b	Colombia ^b	Puerto Rico ^b	United States ^b
IWPC BART	SVR	1	0.553	1	2.9x10 ⁻⁴
IWPC BART	MARS	0.133	1	1	1
IWPC BART	BART	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.886	1	0.031
IWPC BART	CLINICAL	1	7.02x10 ⁻¹⁶	6.88x10 ⁻¹³	1.22x10 ⁻¹²
NLM	SVR	0.094	1	2.21x10 ⁻⁷	1
NLM	MARS	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	8.1x10 ⁻⁴	0.004	0.002
NLM	BART	0.008	1	1.87x10 ⁻⁷	0.342
NLM	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.1x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.27x10 ⁻¹⁴	3.17x10 ⁻¹⁵
SVR	MARS	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.011	0.2	0.027
SVR	BART	0.133	1	1	1
SVR	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.01x10 ⁻¹⁶	8.78x10 ⁻¹³	7.61x10 ⁻¹⁵
MARS	BART	1	0.016	0.154	1
MARS	CLINICAL	0.094	6.8x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.93x10 ⁻¹³	2.3x10 ⁻¹⁴
BART	CLINICAL	1.78x10 ⁻¹⁶	2.23x10 ⁻¹⁶	3.67x10 ⁻¹²	2.32x10 ⁻¹⁴

IWPC indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium cohort, ULLA, U.S. Latino and Latin American cohort, Merged, ULLA plus IWPC, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees

^a P-values provided by pairwise Wilcoxon Signed-Rank tests

^b Bonferroni adjustment used to correct for multiple comparisons

Figure S1. Comparison of Warfarin Dose Prediction Algorithms in the IWPC cohort. Proportion of patients predicted within 20% of their actual dose is plotted in the IWPC cohort. The boxplot visualizes five summary statistics (the median, 25% and 75% quartiles and two whiskers at 1.5* Interquartile Range). The points indicate the proportion of patients predicted within 20% at each of the 100 rounds of resampling. Models feature IWPC variables or IWPC variables in addition to new predictors. IWPC indicates International Warfarin Pharmacogenetics Consortium model, IWPCV, IWPC variables, IWPC MARS, IWPC variables in a Multivariate Adaptive Regression Splines, IWPC SVR, IWPC variables in a Support Vector Regression, IWPC BART, IWPC variables in a Bayesian Additive Regression Trees, NLM, Novel Linear Model



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